Additional file 5. Point of care testing

Author Year, reference Country	Study design Patient population	Size of emergency dept Admission rate	Intervention (I) Control (C)	Outcome	Results Intervention (I) Control (C) Difference (D)	Study quality and relevance Comments
Kendall J et al 1998 [46] England	RCT Random 8-hour periods during 1 year with and without POCT. Total of 210 periods All patients	50 000/year	I: POCT N=860 C: Central lab N=868	Change in management Mortality (in-hospital)	I: 6.9% (earlier decision) C: 5.3–8.8% p<0.0001 I: 6.4% C: 5.5% p=0.45	Moderate Significant change in management with POCT but no change in mortality, LOS or admission rate
				LOS	I: 188 minutes C: 193 minutes D: 5 minutes p=0.3	
				Admission rate	I: 85.2% C: 83.5% p=0.3	
Murray RP et al 1999 [47] Canada	RCT During 5 months with inclusion of those suitable for only POCT-analysis (5%	41 000/year	I: POCT N=93 C: Central lab N=87	LOS (all)	I: 3 hours 28 minutes C: 4 hours 22 minutes D: 54 minutes p<0.02	Shorter LOS for all patients with POCT
	of all pat)			LOS (discharged)	I: 3 hours 05 minutes C: 4 hours 17 minutes D: 72 minutes p<0.001	Low numbers
Lee-Lewandrowski E et al 2003 [48] USA	Observational study Prospective vs. retrospecitve control. Before and after intervention	70 000/year	I: POCT (8 am-5 pm) N=316 C: Central lab N=271	TAT	I: 8 minutes C: 59.5 minutes D: 51 minutes p=0.02	Shorter TAT, LOS and increased clinician satisfaction with POCT
				LOS	I: 347 minutes C: 389 minutes D: 42 minutes	Low numbers

Parvin CA et al 1996 [49] USA	Observational study Prospective w three periods : control – intervention – control.	57 000/year	I: POCT (handheld) during 5 weeks N=1 722 C: Central lab Retro and prospective	LOS	I: 209 minutes C: 201 minutes D: - 8 minutes NS	Moderate No change in LOS with POCT 95% of patients in intervention also needed central lab tests
			during 5+3 weeks N=2 918			
Tsai WW et al 1994 [50] USA	Observational study Prospective analysis of 210 patients during 4 weeks (Monday to Friday) with split	Not described	I: POCT N=210 C: Central lab N=210	TAT Possible earlier	I: 8 minutes SD 6 C: 59 minutes SD 33 D: 51 minutes No other statistics	Moderate Shorter TAT and possible earlier intervention with POCT
	samples, one for POCT the other to central lab		(same group as intervention group)	intervention	I: 19% C: –	
Singer AJ et al 2008 [51]	Observational study Prospective w	75 000/year Admission rate	I: Specified lab for emergency dept analysis	% TAT within 30 minutes	I: 83–98% C: 0.4–81%	Moderate
USA	retrospective control One month before and one month after	20%	located at central lab N=5 635	LOS	p<0.001 I: 185 minutes	Shorter TAT and LOS with POCT
	intervention		C: Regular central lab N=5 631	LOS	C: 206 minutes D: 21 minutes p<0.001	

POCT = point of care testing; TAT= Turn-around-time; LOS = length of stay